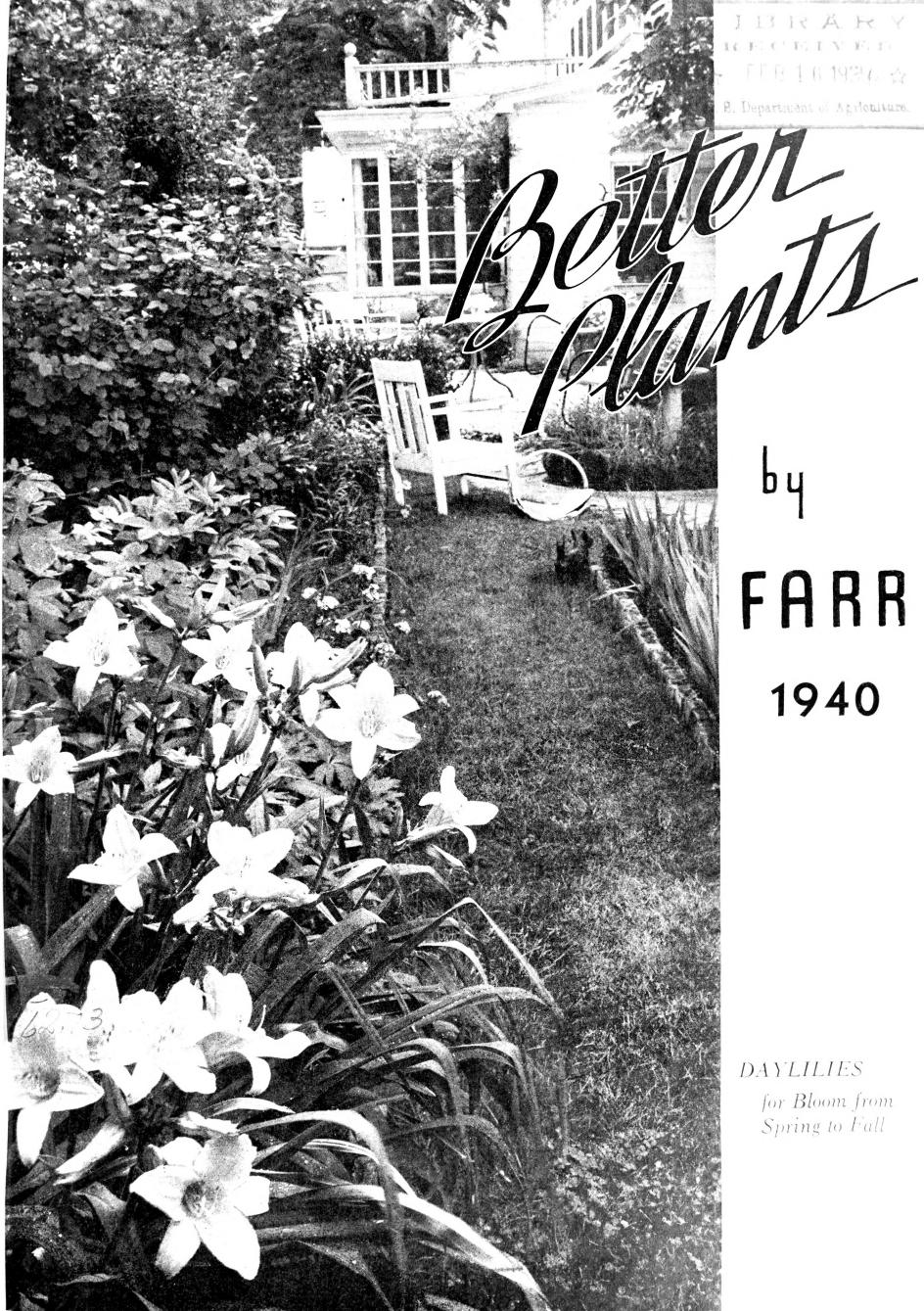
## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





SOUDAN



RAJAH



SUMMER MULTIFLORA HYBRID



WAU-BUN



VESTA



MIKADO



BAGDAD



BIJOU



CINNABAR

## A Group of Dr. A. B. Stout's New Daylilies

NEW COLORS NEW SIZES MORE BLOOMS CLEAN HABIT

NEW SEASONS
NEW FOLIAGE TYPES
MORE DURABLE BLOOMS
MORE SHAPELY BLOOMS

COLLECTION OFFER

Any 3 or more Daylilies, selected from this page, less 10 per cent Collection Discount

## HEMEROCALLIS

(DAYLILIES)

## The Dependable Flower From Spring to Fall

Ease of Culture. The common Daylily, Europa, has distributed and naturalized itself purely by vegetative reproduction throughout Europe and North America, overcoming weeds, neglect, poor soil, insect pests, and drought as it thrived. The selected new varieties retain the vigor of their ancestors. The Daylily garden does not require an array of sprayers, insecticides, and garden tools, or a chart for feeding and cultural requirements.

Adaptability. No plant as beautiful and desirable as the Daylily is as adaptable to varying conditions. Whether the location be sheltered or exposed, drained or swampy, sun-baked or partly shaded—whether the soil be rich or poor, acid or lime, sand or clay, cultivated or weedy—is of little concern to a Daylily. Furthermore, there are heights, colors, seasons, and sizes for practically every garden feature, nock, and mood. den feature, nook, and mood.

Four Months of Bloom. Tangerine, Sovereign, Gold Dust, and others bloom by mid-May in our locality. Scores of good varieties follow and overlap throughout June, July, and early August. Then begin Hemerocallis multiflora, Boutonniere, and August Pioneer, extending until mid-September.

Summer Bloom. When heat and drought have parched the lawns and gardens and when other favorites are out of season, a collection of Daylilies will produce an unfailing and unaffected profusion of bloom display and cut-flowers. The July-August garden can be veritably transformed by the liberal addition of Daylilies.

Fragrance. Daylily fragrance, as it exists in the lighter shades, is identical to lily fragrance but not as sweet and overwhelming. It is pleasingly pervading, yet unobtrusive as an indoor cut-flower; and both elusive and radiant in the garden.

When and How to Plant. Daylilies are so vigorous that they can be shipped and planted safely whenever the ground is open. Spring and fall are most ideal. Plant at least 2 feet apart, anywhere except in heavy shade. Do not plant too deeply. Note "bleach" at throat of plant and plant to depth where foliage turns green. Do not mulch unless planted very late in fall. Even then, use only "non-sogging" materials and do not smother. Feeding will improve bloomquality. Use a complete commercial fertilizer after planting. Follow maker's directions explicitly. Overfeeding is injurious to all plants.

Daylily Use. The semi-dwarf and medium sorts now available are especially valuable to the summer rock-garden and for perennial foregrounds. Other types are respectively useful in the perennial middleground and background, among shrubs for border foreground, as specimens, in beds, borders and masses by themselves, in naturalized colonies, and along pools and streams.

## HEMEROCALLIS (Daylilies) General List

Only the varieties which are distinct and superior. Only strong, field-grown plants.

KEY: Bloom-season and height immediately precede full descriptions. "indicates inches bloom spread.

Apricot. (Yeld.) May, June; 2 ft. Broad, 3", widely open; distinct, rich apricot. Early; free-blooming. True stock. 60 cts. each.
D. D. Wyman. (Betscher.) July; 3 ft. Golden yellow with tawny splash on large 6" petals. \$1 each.
Europa (Roadside Daylily). July; 4 ft. Recorded almost four

Europa (Roadside Daylily). July; 4 ft. Recorded almost four hundred years ago in Europe and brought to this country by settlers. Flowers are full, 4½", overcast fulvous, veined darker, with orange throat. Strictly day-blooming; delicate, but sunresistant texture. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Flava. May, June; 3 ft. Extremely fragrant and clear lemon-yellow. The old favorite "Lemon Lily." 35 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

"Fulva" Clone Maculata (Maculata Daylily). July; 3 ft. Bold, outcurving coppery orange, shaded crimson. Larger, 6", and later than Europa. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts.

Golden Bell. (Wallace.) June, July; 3 ft. Trumpet-shaped, pale apricot-orange flowers; very full, 4", and of fine substance. 60 cts. each; 5 @ 50 cts.

each; 5 @ 50 cts.

Gold Dust. May, June; 2 ft. A neat, elegant, low grower. Empire yellow, reverse bronze, 4". One of the best early varieties. 50 cts. each; 5 @ 40 cts.

Goldeni. (Betscher.) Early July; 3 ft. Deep golden orange; full,

4". 60 cts. each; 5 @ 50 cts.

Gold Imperial. July, Aug.; 2½ ft. Rich golden orange, broad petals waved and crinkled, reverse darker, 4½" across. \$1 each.

Hyperion. (Meade.) July, Aug.; 4 ft. Canary-yellow. Flowers large, 5-6"; full, numerous and fragrant. Long bloom-season.

#### LONG SEASON COLLECTION

The following Collection will supply continuous bloom for at least three months in the sequence listed. See descriptions elsewhere in this Catalog.

Gold Dust\$0	50	F. Maculata\$1	00
Tangerine 1	00	Cinnabar 1	00
Mikado	00	Ophir 1	00
		August Pioneer	

COLLECTION: Value \$9.10, for \$7.50 complete; (without August Pioneer for \$5.00) Any 3 or more, this group, less 15 per cent

#### HEMEROCALLIS, General List, continued

HEMEROCALLIS, General List, continued

Kwanso fl.-pl. July;  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Large, 5'', double, coppery orange flower on heavy stems. 50 cts. each; 5 @ 40 cts.

Ophir. (Farr.) Early July to mid-Aug.;  $4\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Waxy golden yellow flowers, 5'' across, 6'' long; strong stems 4 to 5 feet high. One stem usually carries 25 or more successively opening, giant, heavy-textured and lasting flowers. Award of Merit, Royal Horticultural Society of England. An exceptionally long bloom-season and an unusually fine Daylily. The inside of a fresh bloom is a reflected haze of deep gold. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts.

Queen of May. June;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. A taller and larger early variety. Flowers full, broadly spread to 4''. Pale apricot-orange. Almost invariably repeats bloom in autumn. 60 cts. each; 5 @ 50 cts.

Royal. July;  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Golden yellow, 4'' flowers, Hyperion beauty of texture. 60 cts. each; 5 @ 50 cts.

Sir Michael Foster. (Muller.) June, July; 4 ft. Clear apricot-yellow; sweet-scented, with extra-long, funnel-shaped throats, measuring 5-6" across. 60 cts. each; 5 @ 50 cts.

Sovereign. May; 20 in. Semi-dwarf in habit, with pale chrome-yellow,  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " flowers, shaded brown on outside. Neat foliage. Award of Merit, R. H. S., 1931. 75 cts. each; 5 @ 60 cts.

Tangerine. May; 20 in. Another semi-dwarf, early variety noted for its clear, deep shade of orange, with plump buds tinged red. Blooms attractively set just above the foliage-tips in full dome

for its clear, deep shade of orange, with plump buds tinged red. Blooms attractively set just above the foliage-tips in full dome radius. Award of Merit, R. H. S., 1931. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts.

The Gem. (Betscher, 1929.) July, Aug.; 3 ft. Deep orange-yellow or apricot, 4½". 60 cts. each.

## THE GOLD OF OPHIR

All last summer I intended writing you about the Hemerocallis you sent. They were very splendid. One plant—Ophir—had at one time over a hundred blooms. It was the most lovely thing I ever saw.—Mrs. Jacques Busbee, Steeds, N. C.

I believe Farr's Ophir is the most satisfactory. If I could have only one I would choose it, as it always does well regardless of our seasons which are pretty hot and dry out here.—L. F. Valentine, Clay Center, Kans.

We have often wondered why our enduring favorite, Ophir, hasn't had a friend at court who would advertise it to its full worth. To us it is the finest and most vigorous and most dependable of fully a hundred sorts.—PORT ROSE GARDEN, Freeport, Ill.

I got two elumps of Ophir from you two years ago. They are now in bloom and are decidedly the loveliest things of their species that I have ever seen.—Dr. Guy Steele, Cambridge, Md.

The Ophir Daylilies purchased from you started to bloom June 28, ended July 24. The temperature was 111° on two days and over 100° nearly every day, with no rain.—S. A. Garretson, 3712 Orleans Ave., Sioux City, Iowa.

#### PHOTOS WANTED

We want gloss-print, high-grade photos of Daylilies, Lilacs, and Tree Peonies, in attractive garden settings, not of cut-flowers. A \$3 credit will be allowed for every photo we can use. Others returned promptly at our expense. Send us what you have accordingly. Take some photos this summer. We especially desire Daylily photos.

## DAYLILIES for Today and Tomorrow

As Improved by Dr. A. B. Stout

**New Colors.** The most desirable and radical color developments include buffs, pinks, reds, and bicolors in varying shades. Practically every conceivable shade of yellow, orange, and fulvous has also been produced in a wide range of sizes, types, and seasons.

**New Seasons.** New varieties have already extended choice bloom for a month later than the previous and conventional July-August prevalence. Blooms for yet another month, to late October, and for earlier spring flowering also exist, and selections for these are now being made for introduction in the near future.

Some of the new varieties have a decided tendency to bloom during early summer and again during fall. Many new plants with the "eyed" flower pattern seen in Mikado have been obtained for bloom during other months. It will soon be possible to have the Mikado type in bloom throughout the entire season.

**New Sizes.** Size of the new Daylily blooms now ranges from that of the dainty freesia to beyond that of an enormous amaryllis.

**New Foliage.** Foliage types range from the grassy clumps of *H. multiflora* to the "palm-leaved" mass of Maculata.

More Blooms. A single stem of a new type Daylily may bear 25 to 30 bloom-buds, each opening in succession and overlapping for 25 to 30 days. A plant will bear as many stems as age and room permit. Hundreds of blooms to a plant are comprehendable.

More Durable Bloom. Most of the older Daylilies open in the morning and wilt by nightfall. Others open at sunset and wilt in the morning. Many of the Stout varieties remain open throughout all hours of daylight and until midnight. Several of them remain open as evening cut-flowers and none of them are of the so-called and thoroughly objectionable "night-blooming" habit.

More Shapely Blooms. Hundreds of otherwise outstanding and unusually colored or giant-sized seedling selections have been rejected because the flower was unbalanced in design, or its petals were too narrow and "spidery." Mere size is regarded as only one of many important points of desirability; instead, an artistically attractive and full construction of sepals and petals is preferred.

**Clean Habit.** Before it is deserving of any further consideration, a new introduction should be decidedly "self-cleaning," *i.e.*, the wilted blooms must drop promptly or be rather inconspicuous and not blemish the beauty of the newly opened flowers.

KEY: Bloom-season and height immediately precede full descriptions.

- AUGUST PIONEER. (1939.) Mid-Aug. to mid-Sept.; 34 in. This variety has bloomed at Weiser Park with conspicuous profusion during late August and has even continued into September. Blooms are medium in size, 3½ in. wide, lavishly set on slender, strong scapes which are well branched and slightly extending beyond the grassy foliage. Colored chrome-orange with outer half of petals Jelicately flushed red. \$3.
- Bagdad. June, July; 42 in. A combination of several rich colors is characteristic. Clear orange throat, with outer parts of petals coppery red over orange, veins and midzone madder-brown; sepals more uniform, of one color. Flower is large, 5 in., full and wide open. \$2.
- **Bijou.** July; 25 in. Distinct, small-flowered *H. multiflora* hybrid. Blooms are profuse, full, and spread about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in. on many branches. Ground-color orange, overcast rich fulvous-red with darker midzone. \$3.
- BOUTONNIERE. (1938.) July, Aug.; 36 in. Decidedly small flower, as the name implies. Blooms are 2½-in. maximum spread, with wide open, overlapping, and recurving petals. Sepals almost clear yellow but petals are light rosy peach with trace of mid-stripe; general effect somewhat bicolor. Similar to Bijou but in lighter shades; smaller and blooming as Bijou ends. Grassy foliage. \$3.
- **Chengtu.** July, Aug.; 36 in. Sprightly, brilliant orange-red, with a deeper velvety carmine midzone. Spread 4½ in., pleasingly recurved. Exceptionally good foliage in hot, dry summer. \$3.
- Cinnabar. July, Aug.; 30 in. Extra-long bloom-season. Fine delicate shade of brownish red sprinkled cinnamon and strongly gold-glistening; throat is cadmium-yellow. Medium-large flower, 5-in. spread, with recurving petals and sepals. Up to 18 flowers on one stem, attractively displayed just above foliage. \$1.

- Circe. July; 48 in. Full, clear yellow, medium flowers, 3½ inches across, are borne on erect, well-branched scapes. Does not resemble any other in bloom at the time. \$3.
- **Dauntless.** July; 36 in. Pale yellowish orange with pastel shaded eye, or attractively blended midzone, in alternate petals. Wide and overlapping petals to lily effect, 4½ inches across. Good fragrance. \$3.
- HANKOW. (1939.) July, Aug.; 42 in. A clone of the species Hemerocallis fulva which is extensively cultivated near Hankow, China, for the commercial production of the flower-buds which are used for food and medicine. The flowers are large, wide-spreading (5½ in.), rich yellowish orange with a bold scarlet eyezone in the petals. Compared with the Chengtu Daylily, another of the clones cultivated in China, the flower is more spreading, the general color is more yellow-orange, and the scapes are taller. \$3.
- **Linda.** July; 30 in. Petals based golden yellow, pastel shaded, cinnamon flecked with red eye in sharp contrast to its bright and clear yellow sepals—practically a bicolor. Petals pleasingly crinkled. Large flowered, 5 in. \$3.
- Midas. June, July; 40 in. Clear, uniform glowing orange. Flowers full and spread about 5 in. Very tall and erect, excellent for perennial background. \$2.
- Mikado. June, July; 36 in. Flowers of striking color; the large spot of mahogany-red in each petal contrasts sharply with the rich orange of the rest of the flower. Tends to bloom again during Sept. One of Dr. Stout's first and most popular selections and now propagated to abundant supply. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts.
- HEMEROCALLIS MULTIFLORA. (1939.) Aug., Sept. We are now able to distribute seedlings that are true and authentic for this species. These plants begin bloom in Aug. and often continue in flower through Sept. or even later. The scapes are upstanding and much branched. Flowers clear orange, and smallest of the Daylily species. The foliage becomes dormant and rich reddish brown in winter. \$3.
- **Summer Multiflora Hybrids.** July; 30 in. Clear orange blooms, numerous flowers to a scape. Long bloom-period. Small to miniature blooms, 2–3 in. across. \$2.
- Patricia. June, July; 30 in. Pale yellow with tinge of lemon-chrome and throat of flower greenish. Petals and sepals of uniform tone. Large flowered, 5 in., full, with pronounced fragrance. Good evenings. Exceptionally resistant to hottest sun. \$2.

I consider Patricia the best of the 36 Hemerocallis varieties that I have. Perfect in form, color and growth. It has good fragrance and has a charm found in no other variety.—Pope M. Long, Cordova, Ala.

I evaluate Patricia as the best of the present named yellow Daylilies, as a garden plant and as a cut-flower. It will always be rated as one of the best of the Daylilies.—Dr. A. B. Stout, The New York Botanical Gardens.

- Rajah. July, Aug.; 40 in. Large and gaily colored, with conspicuous eye-zone. Throat pale orange, with greenish tinge; blades English red, traversed by darker-colored veins, with eye-zone, as in Mikado, near the shade of garnet-brown. Scapes coarse branched, bearing as many as 20 flowers. Foliage to a level of about 12 in. below the flowers. In summary, a darker and later Mikado of very robust stature. \$3.
- **Serenade.** June; 48 in. Very light pastel shades of yellow and pink in pleasing harmony. Petals twisted and crinkled, with faint halo. Flowers medium large, on tall, slender, stiff stems. \$2.
- **Soudan.** June; 36 in. Empire yellow, broad-petaled flowers, very full and lily type with pleasingly crinkled petals and sepals. Medium-large flowers. 4 in. across. \$1.50.
- **Vesta.** July; 30 in. Deep orange flowers with a glistening gold sheen. Spread exceeding 4 in. Low-growing, semi-dwarf habit, holding up well in hot weather. \$1.50.
- Wau-Bun. June, July; 36 in. Large flowers of light cadmium-yellow, slightly sprinkled with faint traces of fulvous-red, abundantly gold-glistening. Petals large, broad, with ends slightly twisted, a characteristic found in no other Daylily. \$1.50.

## STOUT COLLECTION OF DAYLILIES

ONE PLANT EACH of all Stout Hybrids listed on this page Twenty Varieties (value \$46.50) complete for . . . . .

\$40.00

# ... Four New Thoroughbreds

by DR. A. B. STOUT



PATRICIA



AUGUST PIONEER



BOUTONNIERE



SERENADE

Collection Offer
THESE FOUR (VALUE \$10) FOR

\$8.50



Iro-No-Seki. \$5 each



Princess Louise. \$5 each



Haku-raku-ten. \$6 each

TREE PEONIES are "patricians of the garden" and worth every dollar they cost.

TREE PEONY blooms are luminously brilliant and colorful. The petals are silky and crape-like in texture.

TREE PEONIES WILL NOT WINTER-KILL even in Canada, except occasionally, as any plant, if transplanted very late in fall.

WE GUARANTEE against transplanting loss or winter-killing by providing free replacements of failures which may occur within six months after planting.



# Tree Peony Collections

A

One plant each of BANKSI IRO-NO-SEKI MOUTAN (value \$13), for

11.50

B

One plant each of the seven varieties illustrated (value \$37.50), for

32.50



Hatsu Hinade. \$6 each



Moutan. \$4 each



Banksi. \$4 each

## CULTURE AND HISTORY OF TREE PEONIES

History and Sentiment. Tree Peonies are so named because they are hardwood shrubs like azaleas and lilacs. A more proper name might be Shrub Peonies, but Chinese written records term them Tree Peonies back to 536 A. D. when they were the exclusive property of the Emperor. England imported its first Tree Peony in 1787. Some American plants are known to be at least 50 years old and bear hundreds of blooms.

Where to Plant. They prefer limed soil, good drainage, and sunlight; light afternoon shade will, however, protect blooms from the sun. They are used as background to perennial beds and rock-gardens, along the foundation of buildings or walls, in beds, or as specimens and accent plants by themselves, also in combination with "pre-Peony" bloomers such as tall late tulips, lilacs, early irises, Rosa hugonis, azaleas, spireas, etc.

**How to Plant.** Complete and simple instructions are supplied with order acknowledgments.

How to Select. Our eatalog descriptions are intentionally modest and limited because every variety is desirable and beautiful. All Tree Peonies, except full double, have golden center stamens, and all have "erepe-paper" petals. They possess a range and intensity of color found in no other hardy plant family. There is no practical difference between the bloom-season and growth-rate of various sorts. Selection can therefore be made according to color, type, and price preference.

## LARGE STRONG PLANTS

The following prices apply on 5- to 6-year-old, field-grown plants which have bloomed for years in our nursery, which have been exposed and hardened to our rigorous winters, and never given winter protection after the first year.



Exemplifying the brilliance of a Tree Peony walk or border



Illustrating the charm and delicacy of Tree Peony Haku-raku-ten

## TREE PEONY LIST

NOTE:	Prices apply to specimen field-grown plants, except where indicated.
AUGUST	Each Single; lavender-pink
AKASHI-	-GATA. Semi-double; salmon 6 00
<b>BARON</b>	D'ALES. Double; vivid salmon-rose, darker
	5 00
BANKSI	Double; pink with darker shades 4 00
Haku-ral	<b>ku-ten.</b> Semi-double; pure white 6 00
Hatsu H	<b>inade.</b> Semi-double; vivid, striking searlet-red. 6 00
Iro-no-S	eki. Semi-double; flesh and shell-pink 5 00
	Iwato-Kagami. Loosely double; broad-petaled, elear salmon-pink
	JEANNE d'ARC. Double; imbricated salmonpink
	LA LORRAINE. Double; elear golden yellow. 35 00 Plants from 5-in. pots
	MOUTAN. Single; purplish red       4 00         2 to 2½-ft. specimens       7 50         2½ to 3-ft. specimens       10 00
No.	NIPPON-KO. Semí-double; clear pink 5 00
	PRINCESS LOUISE. Double; rose-pink 5 00
	REINE ELIZABETH. Double; bright salmonpink
	<b>REINE DES VIOLETS.</b> Double; dark lively violet. 5-in. pot-plants
	RURIBAN. Semi-double; dark purple 7 50
	SHIKO-DEN. Double; deep rose-pink 5 00
	souv. DE DUCHER. Double; amaranth-
	red , ,
	and burnt-orange

NOTE: Most of these named varieties can be supplied in 8- to 10-year-old specimens at double the above prices.



A well-selected collection of Peonies produces magnificent, colorful, and fragrant bloom of perfect detail for more than a month. Individual blooms last two weeks if cut early and handled properly. A plant lasts a lifetime and can be divided repeatedly. Peonies will withstand abuse and neglect and will liberally reward average attention. Insect pests do

## PEONIES

## MASSIVE . COLORFUL . FRAGRANT

Where to Plant. Plant in average soil, with good drainage and at least half-time sunlight, in beds or rows by themselves, here and there in perennial backgrounds or shrubbery foreground, along walls, walks, borders, etc. Acquire a collection as a hobby.

When to Plant. In very early spring besprouts appear; or from late August until the ground freezes.

Which to Plant. We have discarded more than 800 varieties from our collection. You can select preferred colors and types from this remaining list with 100 per cent assurance of satisfaction from any variety chosen.

How to Plant. Cultural instructions supplied with order acknowledgments.

#### FARR QUALITY SPECIFICATIONS

Farr prices apply to 1-year plants, or equivalent strong 4- to 7-eye divisions. Clumps containing 3 to 4 divisions can be supplied at double the price of divisions.

A Peony plant can last for generations, which is ample reason for purchasing only best varieties and top-quality roots which we specialize in producing and supplying-extra-large roots which are true to name, clean, healthy, and vigorous, guaranteed to grow.

#### KEY TO DESCRIPTIONS

Time of blooming indicated thus: E. Early; EM. Early Midseason; M. Midseason; L. Late. X. indicates pronounced degree of fragrance; 8.7, 9.7, etc., indicate grade of merit given by American Peony Society.



#### PRICES

Peonies not otherwise priced are \$1 each

#### WHITE

- 8.7 Albatre. L. X. White and red.
- 8.8 Alsace Lorraine. L. Cream-white. 9.0 Baroness Schroeder. L. XXX. Flesh-
- white. 75 cts.

  9.3 Festiva Maxima. XX. Farly. 75 cts.

  8.7 James Kelway. M. X. Exquisite; tall.

  9.8 Kelway's Glorious. M. XX. Magnificent glistening white. \$1.50.

  9.1 Lady Alexandra Duff. M. XX. Blushpink to white
- pink to white. 9.9 **Le Cygne.** M. XX. Ivory-white. \$3.
- 9.3 Mrs. Edward Harding. LM. Large. \$2. 9.4 Tourangelle. M. X. White and salmon.

### CREAM AND YELLOW

- 8.1 Duchesse de Nemours. E. Creamy.
  8.8 Laura Dessert. EM. Canary-yellow. \$2.
  8.6 Primevere. M. X. Cream and sulphur.

#### FLESH

- 8.0 Enchantment. L. Deep flesh-pink.
- 9.0 La France. L. XXX. Rosy white. \$2. 8.6 La Lorraine. M. Creamy white, tinted
- pink. \$1.50. 8.5 Octavie Demay. E. XX. White and
- 9.7 Solange. LM. Distinct creamy salmon.

#### LIGHT PINK

- 8.6 Albert Crousse. L. X. Salmon-pink.
  8.1 Asa Gray. M. X. Pink; deeper dots.
  8.8 Grandflora. X. Silver-pink. Best
- late. \$1.50. 8.8 **Kelway's Queen.** M. XX. Rose-pink.
- 9.2 La Fee. E. XX. Rose-pink; large. \$2.
  9.0 Milton Hill. LM. Salmon-pink. \$1.50. Philomele. Pink and yellow. Favorite.
  8.8 Phœbe Carey. L. Soft rose-pink. \$1.50.
  9.3 President Wilson. L. XX. Pink. \$3.
  8.7 Reine Hortense. M. XXX. Large; tall. 75 cts.
  9.1 Sown de Levie Piget. LM. Salman.

- 9.1 Souv. de Louis Bigot. LM. Salmonpink.
- 9.8 Therese. M. XX. Clear pink. Note

#### DEEP PINK

- 8.6 Claire Dubois. L. Deep silvery rosepink. \$1.50.
- 7.6 Eduls Superba. E. XX. Early. 75 cts. Georgiana Shaylor. Rose-pink. \$1.50.
  8.4 Lamartine. L. Dark pink. \$1.50.
  La Perle. M. Deep hydrangea-pink.
  9.1 Martha Bullock. L. XXX. Deep
- rose-pink.
- 9.2 Mons. Jules Elie. X. Dark pink. 75 cts. 9.0 Sarah Bernhardt. L. XX. Apple-
- blossom-pink.

  8.5 Standard Bearer. E. Larger, talle Mons. Jules Elie. \$1.50.

  9.3 Walter Faxon. M. Salmon-rose.

  8.2 Wiesbaden. E. Distinct pink. \$1.50. Larger, taller

#### RED

- 8.4 David Harum. LM. Bright red. \$1.50.
  8.4 Felix Crousse. LM. Bright red. 75 cts.
  8.2 Francols Rousseau. E. Velvet red.
- \$1.50.

  Mr. L. Van Leeuwen. E. Largest red. \$2.

  9.2 Philippe Rivoire. M. XX. Crimson. \$2.

  8.8 Richard Carvel. XX. Crimson; early.

#### **DEEP RED**

- 8.5 Adolphe Rousseau. E. Rich. 75 cts.8.2 Grover Cleveland. M. XXX. Dark
- crimson. 8.8 Karl Rosenfield. EM. X. Vigorous.
  Bright crimson. 75 cts.
  8.8 Mons. Martin Cahuzac. M. Black-red.
- 8.4 Wm. F. Turner. E. Dark crimson. \$1.50.

#### Old-Fashioned EARLY PEONIES

Officinalis Rosea. Pink.

Officinalis Rubra. Red.
Officinalis Tenuifolium fl-pl. leaved double red. \$2.50.

Officinalis Tenuifolium. Single red. \$2.

#### SINGLE AND JAPANESE

Single Peonles (S) resemble wild roses, having a collar of petals around a ball of fine golden stamens. Japanese Peonies (J) are similar, except that the stamens are larger and frequently vari-colored, forming a cushion with unusual and attractive combinations.

#### Peonies not otherwise priced are \$1 each

Albiflora. (S) Like a white water-lily. \$2.

Ama-no-sode. (J) Pink; golden cushion. \$4. Cathedral. (J) Pink; red-tipped cushion. \$2. Clairette. (S) White; tinged pink. Cornelia. (J) White; yellow cushion. \$1.50. Dai-jo-kuhan. (S) Pink; golden stamens. Emma. (J) Pink with gold cushion. \$1.50. Fu-ji-mine. (J) White; yellow cushion. \$1.50. Fusyama. (J) Pink; gold cushion. \$1.50. Fusyama. (J) Mahoganyared; cushion against

Fuyajo. (J) Mahogany-red; cushion garnet, tipped chamois. \$2.

Geraldine. (J) Pink; red cushion. \$1.50.

Gypsy. (J) Bright red; cushion red, tipped gold. \$1.50.

Isani Gidui. (J) Pure white; cushion buff-

yellow, large. \$5.

Jacqueline. (J) Glistening pure white; cushion buff-yellow. \$2.

Jupiter. (S) Early; vivid red. \$1.50.

King of England. (J) Rich carmine; gold

cushion. \$1.50. La Fraicheur. (S) Rose-pink; golden sta-

La Fraicheur. (S) Rose-pink; golden stamens. \$1.50.

L'Etincelante. (S) Silver-pink; gold stamens.

Lemon Queen. (J) Pure white; short, fringed yellow cushion. \$1.50.

Major Loder. (S) Flesh-pink; gold stamens.

Mikado. (J) Dark crimson; golden cushion.

Montebank. (J) White; gold cushion. \$1.50.

Nymphe. (S) Flesh; gold stamens. \$1.50.

Ohirama. (J) Light rose; gold cushion. \$2.

Pride of Langport. (S) Deep pink; gold center. \$3

center. \$3.

Tokio. (J) Clear pink; gold cushion. \$3.

Yenchl-no-tsukl. (J) Blush-white; thick cushion of twisted, incurved cream stamens, suffused pink. Distinct and attractive. \$4.

Yeso. (S) White; golden b rr center.

#### QUANTITY DISCOUNTS

10 per cent Discount on Peony orders exceeding .......\$4 99 orders exceeding . . . . . . . . . . . . . 24 99

#### INTRODUCTORY COLLECTION

Carefully selected to include a wide range of color and the best Peony values. The satisfaction to be derived from the varieties included will encourage anyone to try additional varieties. Special price and discounts accordingly.

Festiva Maxima. White. 75 cts. Enchantment. Flesh. 75 cts. Reine Hortense. Pink. 75 cts. Mons. Jules Elle. Dark pink. 75 cts. Felix Crousse. Light red. 75 cts. Adolphe Rousseau. Dark red. 75 cts. Any 4 or more of these, less 20 %

All six (value \$4.50) \$3.50 complete Other Peony discounts do not apply.

## IRISES

As wonderful as the orchid As mysterious as the opal As colorful as the rainbow As hardy as the goldenrod

#### TALL BEARDED IRISES

#### May-June

The following popular-priced varieties have been retained on our list as the best varieties, after introducing and handling more than a thousand varieties of Irises since 1903.

Key: Eindicates Early; EM, Early Midseason; M, Midseason; LM, Late Midseason; L, Late. Figures indicate height in inches.

Ambassadeur. L. 42. Purple and maroon.

Anna Farr. L. 36. White, frilled light blue. 30 cts.

Anna Marie Cayeau. 36. Pink-lilac. 50 cts. Apache. LM. 22. Coppery red. 30 cts. Archeveque. LM. 24. Violet-purple. 30 cts. Asla. L. 48. Silver and raisin-purple. 30 cts. Beuchley's Giant. 48. Enormous blue bicolor. 50 cts.

Blue Banner. 36 Light blue. 50 cts. Bruno. L. 36. Dark purple. 30 cts.

Cardinal. M. 36. Lavender and prunepurple. 30 cts.

Cattleya. M. 27. Bright, clear pink. 30 cts. Cinnabar. 42. Deep velvety red. 30 cts. Dauntless. 40. Large; red-purple. 50 cts. Depute Nomblot. 48. Red and crimson. 75 cts.

Desert Gold. E. 40. Large; yellow. 75 cts. Dominion. 32. Blue and purple. 50 cts. Dorothy Dietz. 38. White bicolor. 50 cts. Ethelwyn Dubuar. 40. Deep clear pink. \$1. Frieda Mohr. 42. Two shades clear pink. 50 cts.

Georgia. E. 30. Soft cattleya-rose. 30 cts. Gold Imperial. 33. Best deep yellow. 30c. Imperial Blush. 44. Blush-pink. \$1.50. Indian Chief. 40. Red-purple. 30 cts. Isoline. LM. 36. Lilac and rose. 30 cts. Jerry. 36. Bright ruby-red. \$1.50.

King Juba. 38. Gold and red. 50 cts. King Midas. E. 28. Unique buff and

garnet. 30 cts. Kochii. E. 15. Darkest scarlet-purple. 30 cts. Lent A. Williamson. M. 42. Violet and

purple. 30 cts. Lord of June. M. 40. Violet-blue. 30 cts. Mary Barnett. M. 40. Best light blue.

Midgard. 36. Yellow and pink blend. 50 cts. Mildred Presby. LM. 30. White and purple. 30 cts.

Morning Spiendor. L. 42. Red-purple. 30 cts.

Mrs. Valerie West. 40. Bronze-red. 50 cts. Myth. M. 36. Large; clear blue. 30 cts.
Nene. 38. Lilac and old-rose. Largest Iris grown. 75 cts.
No-We-Ta. E. 32. Dainty pink. \$1.

Pallida Dalmatica. L. 40. Lavender-blue.

30 cts Pluie d'Or. 41. Yellow. Dykes medał. 50 cts. Queen Caterina. L. 38. Pale lavender. 30 cts.

Rameses. 40. Blend. Dykes medal. 50 cts. Red Dominion. 36. Velvety rich red. \$1. Selene. 40. Large; glistening white. 50 cts. Seminole. LM. 30. Velvety crimson. 30 cts.

Souv. de Mme. Gaudichau. M. 40. Rich purple. 30 cts.

Taj Mahal. M. 38. Pure white. 30 cts.
Tom Tit. M. 18. Low; deep blue. 30 cts.
Venus de Milo. 44. Cream-white. 75 cts.
Wm. Mohr. 30. Lilac, many veins. 75 cts.
Zua. E. 12. Ruflled; white. 30 cts.



The range of Iris season, type, and color, together with their extreme hardiness, justifies liberal use in the garden. They multiply themselves and can be safely transplanted while in bloom, so that the garden picture can be changed accurately and economically from time to time.

#### JAPANESE IRISES June-July

Japanese Irises thrive anywhere except when planted late in fall or where water will cover their crowns. They increase into large, permanent clumps of profuse, colorful garden and cut-flower bloom after peonies fade and before phlox begin.

Spring is the best planting season for Japanese Irises. Late fall plantings are likely to "heave" and winter-kill. Sec quantity rate table below.

Ayase-Gawa. Single; claret-red, veined darker, splashed white. 75 cts.

Azure. Double; light violet-blue. \$1.

Eleanor Perry. Double; claret-red, veined white and blue. 35 cts.

Gold Bound. Double; pure white, gold center. 35 cts.

Granite. Single; granite-blue, finely veined. 35 cts.

Gypsy. Double; gray base, heavy maroon shades and veins. 50 cts.

Hana-Gosho. Single; dark claret. 50 cts.

Hatsu-Shino. Single; rosy lavender, shaded blue. 35 cts.

Kanran. Double; tall; white, veined violet. 50 cts.

Kyodaisan. Single; tall; rose and red.

**Olympia.** Single; white, veined blue. 50 cts. Osho-Kun. Double; tall; Tyrian blue, veined white. 50 cts.

Oyedo. Single; dark purple. 50 cts.

Red Riding Hood. Single; amaranth, veined white. 50 cts.

Schichiuwka. Single; ruby-crimson, shaded white, 50 cts.

Shlmo-No-Tsuki. Single; white, veined and speckled violet. 50 cts.

Thunderbolt. Single; dark royal-blue, brilliant yellow spot, faint white halo. 50 cts.

T. S. Ware. Double; reddish violet, veined white. 50 cts.

Tsurugi-no-mai. Double; very tall; suffused pink and blue. \$1.

Warai-Hotei. Double; gray and violet, veined blue. \$1.

White Waterfall. Double; large white, veined blue. 50 cts.

COLLECTION OFFER: Any five or more 50-ct. varieties at 40 cts. each. For more than one plant of one variety, see Iris Quantity Rate Table opposite.

#### DWARF IRISES April

First of the Irises to bloom-late April and early May, before and with tulips. Splendid for rockeries, borders, and massing. Multiply into colonies. Plants prefer sun and drainage.

Atroviolacea. Deep violet-purple. 30 cts.

Caerulea. Even sky-blue. 50 cts.

Cristata. The "Perennial Iris." Mid-May; 4 in. Amethyst-blue; fragrant. Creeping habit and a gem for rockery. 35 cts.

Florida. Cream-yellow. 30 cts.

Kurdistan. Distinct dark purple. 30 cts. Schneekuppe. White. 35 cts.

Sec Iris Quantity Rate Table below.

#### SIBERIAN IRISES May-June

The neatest and most dependable of the small-flowered Irises. Narrow, grassy foliage, with tall stems. See quantity rates below.

Emperor. 4 ft. Clear deep blue. 35 cts. Perry's Blue. 4 ft. Bright China-blue.

Snow Queen. 3 ft. White. 35 cts.

#### IRIS SPECIES May-June

Including only the most hardy and attractive varieties after discarding more than 50 other species. This group extends the Iris season dependably. See quantity rates below.

Aurea Species. (Beardless.) Mid-June; 36 in. Deep golden yellow. Plant only in early spring. Arbutus fragrance. \$1.

Fulvala. (Beardless.) Mid-June. Grassy foliage. Vivid red. Exists in dry spots but prefers pools and streams. \$1.

Pseudacorus. June; 48 in. Yellow Water Iris. 35 cts.

Versicolor. June; 30 in. Blue Water Iris.

IRIS QUANTITY RATES				
Of the same Variety→>	2 Plants	5 Plants	10 Plants	25 Plants
30c. Variety	25c. ea.	20c. ea.	18c. ea.	16c. ea.
35c. Variety	30c. ea.	25c. ea.	22c. ea.	20c. ea.
50c. Variety	40c. ea.	36c. ea.	34c. ea.	32c. ea
75c. Variety			55c. ea.	
\$1.00 Variety			80c. ea.	



## Perennials and Rock-Plants

PERENNIALS are those plants which come up each spring and die down to the ground in the fall. Each variety has a definite blooming season and a selection may be made so that you may have flowers from early spring until fall. Perennials require but little eare. Give them a good garden soil and ordinary weather conditions and they will grow and increase in numbers from year to year.

Use Perennials in beds, in borders by themselves, or in front of shrubbery, in rockeries, and, of course, in the formal garden. In general, best results are obtained by massing several plants of one variety together. This will give a good color effect and avoid that spotty appearance which is objectionable where too many kinds are used.

We have specialized in Perennials since 1903. Improved strains and new varieties are added to our list each year. We shall be glad to assist in the selection of varieties and in making suggestions for their planting plans and estimates are usually supplied without charge or obligation.

ACHILLEA tomentosa (Dwarf Woolly Yarrow). 6 to 8 in. July to Sept. Bright yellow. Rockeries. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**AJUGA reptans** (Bugle). 6 to 8 in. Bronze foliage. Blue flowers. Good for shade. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

ALYSSUM saxatile (Basket of Gold). 8 in. April, May. Bright yellow. Rockery and border. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**ANCHUSA myosotidiflora** (Siberian Forget-Me-Not). 15 in. May. Blue. Endures shade. 35 cts. each; 5 (a 30 cts.

ANEMONE hupehensis (Windflower). 10 to 12 in. Early August to late autumn. Free flowering. Mauve-rose. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 ets.

Whirlwind. 2½ ft. Blooms throughout the fall. A large, semi-double, pure white flower. Very free. 35 cts. each; 5 (a. 30 cts.

AQUILEGIA, Dobbies' Imperial (Long-spurred Columbine). Extra-fine English hybrids. Mixed colors, 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain (Long-spurred Columbine). 2 ft. May, June. Mixed pastel shades, 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

**ARABIS alpina** (Alpine Rock-Cress). 8 in. April, May. White. Rockery and border. 30 ets. each; 5 (a 25 ets.

**SHIPPING SERVICE.** Parcel Post or Express shipment at cost. Delivery at nominal rates.

**CASH AND CARRY SPECIALS** each week, during the spring planting season.

**QUALITY.** These plants are 2-year field-grown, or strong and heavy plants in 3 to 6-inch pots.

**PRICES** apply to dormant field or potted plants. Extra charge for special field selection or when field plants are in bloom and require earth on roots for safe handling.

ARENARIA verna cæspitosa (Sandwort). May, June. Nearly stemless clusters of white flowers. Excellent for between flagstones. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

ARMERIA laucheana rubra (Thrift; Sea-Pink). 3 to 6 in. May, June. Bright rosy red. Border or rockery. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

ARTEMISIA, Silver King (Silver Mugwort). 2½ ft. Summer and fall. Gray. Display, cut-flowers and dry. 35 cts. each; 5 (a) 30 cts.

ASTER, Goliath. Dwarf. May, June. Bluish purple flowers. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

Aster, Ryecroft Pink. 2-3 ft. Sept. Large, soft, rose-pink. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts. Ryecroft Purple. 2-3 ft. Sept. Large, blue-purple flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

ft. Summer. Rosy pink spikes. Endures moisture, shade. 60 cts. each; 5 @ 50 cts.

**CALLIRHOE involucrata** (Mallow Poppy). 10 in. Trailing. Summer. Crimson. Rockery and foregrounds. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**CAMPANULA** carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). 8 in. June to Oct. Clear blue. Rockery and border. 35 ets. each; 5 @ 30 ets.

Garganica (Dwarf Harebell). 4 in. May, June. Blue. Rockery. Good drainage. 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts.

CENTAUREA dealbata. 2 ft. June, July. Large lavender-pink flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**CERASTIUM tomentosum** (Snow-in-Summer). 6 in. June. White. Gray foliage. Rockery and edging. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

CHELONE lyoni (Turtlehead; Shell-Flower). 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. July, Aug. Purplish red flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.



Partial view of a noted rock-garden on the estate of Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Bausher, Reading, Pa. Designed and planted by the Farr Landscape Department

CHRYSANTHEMUM, Alaska (Shasta Daisy). 1½ to 2 ft. June, July. Large, glistening, single white flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts. Large,

Arcticum (Arctic Daisy). 15 in. Sept., Oct. White. Rockery and edging. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Astrid (Arctic Daisy). 2 ft. Sept., Oct. Shell-pink with old-rose tints and bright yellow center; 3 or more inches in diameter. 40 ets. each; 5 @ 35 ets.

Diener's Double. Double form of the Shasta Daisy. 35 ets. each; 5 @ 30 ets.

### Chrysanthemum Hybrids

All Chrysanthemum Hybrids, 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.; 25 @ 22 cts.

**Aladdin.** Perpetual flowering. 1½ to 2 ft. Late July to frosts. Full double, bronze flowers 3 inches in diameter.

Amelia. 6 to 12 in. August to frost. Very

early, small, double, soft rose. Exceptionally free flowering. Resembles a pink azalea in bloom.

Apollo. (Korean.) 2½ ft. Oct. Bronze-

red, old-gold, and glowing salmon; single. **Ceres.** (Korean.) 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Oct., Nov. Old-gold, chamois-yellow, and soft copperv bronze.

**Daphne.** (Korean.) 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Oct., Nov. Daphne-pink, underlying sheen lilac-rose.

Early Yellow. Button type. Abundant, moderate-sized blooms in mid-Sept. Short, compact plants. Valuable for early bloom. Glada. 1½ ft. Late Sept. Soft pink. Louise Schling. (Korean.) 2 to 2½ ft. Sept., Oct. Glowing salmon-red changing to soft bronze-salmon as the flower matures.

Mars. (Korean.) 2 to 2½ ft. Oct., Nov. Deep amaranth-red, changing to wine-red, overlaid with a velvety sheen.

Ruth Cumming. Terra-cotta; early aster-

DELPHINIUM Belfadonna (Larkspur). 3 to 4 ft. June to Aug. Sky-blue. 30 ets. each; 5 @ 25 ets.

Bellamosum. 4 ft. June to Aug. Rich deep blue. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Chinensis (Chinese Delphinium). 2 to 2½

ft. July. Feathery foliage. Intense gentian-blue. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 ets.

Weiser Park Hybrids (B. L. and Wrexham

Strains). 4 to 5 ft. June to Aug. Blue, Mauve, and Pink. Display and cut-llowers. 45 ets. each; 5 @ 40 cts.

Pacific Strain Hybrids. Long, unbreaking stems. New colors. Blight-resistant. Choice selections, field plants, 75 cts. each; 5 (a) 65 cts.

DICENTRA eximia (Fringed Bleeding-Heart). 1 ft. May to July. Deep pink. Display and cut. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts. Spectabilis (Bleeding-Heart). 22 in. May, June. Pink. Display and cut-flowers. 50 cts. each; 5 @ 42 cts.

DIANTHUS alpinus (Alpine Pink). 3 in. June to Oct. Pink. Rockery gem. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

**Deltoides** (Maiden Pink). 4 in. May to July. Pink. Rockery. 30 cts. each; 5 @

**Plumarius** (Grass Pink). 10 in. May to Sept. Mixed shades. Rockery and beds. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**DORONICUM** (Leopardbane). 2 to 2½ ft. May. Large; yellow; good for cutting and keep well. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

EUPATORIUM cœlestinum (Blue Mist-Flower). 1½ ft. Aug. to Oct. Blue. Display and cutting. 30 ets. each; 5 @ 25 ets.

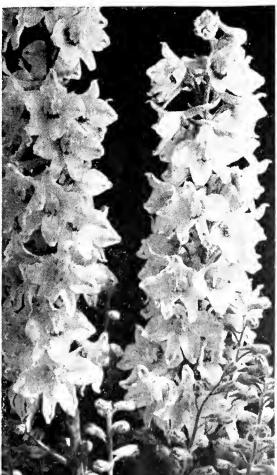
**GAILLARDIA, Burgundy.** New. Coppery scarlet. Everblooming. 35 ets. each;

5 @ 30 cts.

Dazzler. New. Rich dark red, tipped orange. Everblooming. 35 cts. each;

GERANIUM sanguineum (Cranesbill). 15 in. May to Aug. Crimson. Display and eut-flowers. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

**GEUM, Mrs. Bradshaw.** 1 ft. June to Sept. Brilliant scarlet, double flowers. 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts.



Delphinium Hybrids

GYPSOPHILA, Bristol Fairy (Improved Baby's Breath). 3½ ft. June to Sept. Double, white. Display and dry bouquets. 3-in. pot-plants, grafted, 50 cts. each; 5 @ 42 ets.

Paniculata. 2½ ft. June. Small white

flowers. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

Repens (Creeping Gypsophila). 5 in. June,
July. White. Gray foliage. Rockery and
border. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 ets.

HELIANTHEMUM, Buttercup.

golden yellow. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts. lara Middleton. Single; rich orange. Clara Middleton. Single; rich orange. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

Fireball (Sun or Rock Rose). 6 in. May.

Double; bright scarlet. 35 cts. each; 5 @

HEUCHERA (Coral Bells; Alum Root). 15 in, June to Aug. General use. Alba. White. Sanguinea. Crimson. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

HIBISCUS (Mallow Marvels). 4 to 5 ft. Flowers pink, white, and red in late summer. For naturalizing, 35 ets. each; 5 @ 30 ets.

**HOSTA lanceolata.** July to Aug. Broad green leaves. Blue flowers. 30 ets. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Lanceolata variegata (Plantain Lily).
July, Aug. Variegated foliage. Blue flowers. Edging plant. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 ets.

IBERIS sempervirens (Candytuft). 8 in. April, May. White. Evergreen. Rockery and border. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

LILIUM candidum (Madonna Lily). 3 ft. June, July. Old-fashioned garden Lily. White with golden stamens. Grown in northern France. Mammoth selected northern France. Mammoth selected bulbs, 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts.

Regale (Regal Lily). Blooms in July. Hardy

and will grow almost anywhere. Giant, jasmine-fragrant, white flowers, slightly suffused pink and beautifully shaded eanary-yellow at center and part way up the trumpet. Selected, 8 to 9-in. circum. bulbs, 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts. **Tenuifolium** (Coral Lily). 1 to 1½ [t.

Recurved bright scarlet flowers in early June. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**Tigrinum** (Figer Lily). Aug., Sept. Salmonorange, spotted with glossy black. Robust and easily cultivated. 35 cts. each; 5 (4) 30 cts.

**LINUM perenne** (Blue Flax). 112 ft. May. Beautiful pale blue blooms on slender, graceful stems. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

MAZUS reptans (rugosa). 4 in. May to Aug. Flowers lilac with white lip. Excellent rock-plant. 25 ets. each; 5 (a 22 ets.

MERTENSIA virginica (Blue Bells). 1 to 1½ ft. April. Blue, fading pink. \$2.50 per do:, \$15 per 100. (Fall shipment.)



A colorful carpet of Phlox subulata

### Oriental Poppies

Cannot be safely transplanted without a ball of earth, except during their peculiar dormant season in August. These prices apply to dormant, August handling.

**Beauty of Livermere.** Crimson, 50 cts. each.

Edna Perry. Salmon-pink. 50 cts. each.

**Joyce.** Cherry-red. 50 cts. each.

Lulu Neely. Oxblood-red. \$1 each.

Perry's White. Satin white. \$1 each.

Royal Scarlet. Vivid scarlet. 50 cts. each. Wurtembergla. Scarlet-red. 50 cts. each.

#### SPECIAL COLLECTION

One of each variety, value \$4.50 \$3.75 (7 plants), for only

MONARDA didyma. 3 ft. July, Aug. Fragrant foliage. Large, graceful scarlet blooms. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

NEPETA mussini (Dwarf Catmint). 10 in. April to June. Mauve; gray foliage. Rockery and border. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

PACHYSANDRA terminalis (Japanese Spurge). Evergreen. Probably the most notable of all ground-covers, preferring shade but succeeds even in dry, sterile soil. 3 for 60 cts.; 5 @ 16 cts.; 25 @ 14 cts.

**PEONIES.** See pages 7 and 8.

PHYSOSTEGIA, Vivid (Improved Dragonhead). 20 in. July, Aug. Deep pink. Display and cut-flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

PLUMBAGO larpentae (Leadwort). 6 to 8 in. Aug., Sept. Blue flowers. Desirable rock-plant. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

PRIMULA Hybrids (English Primrose). 6 in. April, May. Mixed colors. Rockery and border. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

RUDBECKIA newmanni (Black - eyed Susan). 3 ft. June to Sept. Orange and black. Display and cut-flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Purpurea (Giant Purple Conellower). 3 ft. July to Oct. Purple flowers, with large, brown, cone-shaped center. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

FREE REPLACEMENT GUARANTEE
We will replace, F. O. B. Nursery, any failures within six months after planting, if you think we or the plants were at fault, provided the account is settled within regular 30-day terms and report of failure is made within the six-months period.

#### Phlox subulata

#### Mountain Pink; Creeping Phlox

4 in. All blooming during April and May. Invaluable for rockery, border, and edging.

Alba. Pure crisp white. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**Atropurpurea.** Deep carmine-red. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Fairy. Pale blue with dark purple eye. Slow-growing and compact. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**Lilacina.** Light lilac-blue. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 20 cts.

Rosea. Rose-pink. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts. VIvid. Brilliant pink, dark eye. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

PHLOX amœna. (Species.) 4 in. April, May. Rich light pink. Rockery and border. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**Divaricata.** (Native species.) 10 in. April, May. Large; fragrant; lavender. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Hardy Named Varieties. See page 13.

**SAPONARIA ocymoides** (Rock Soapwort). 10 in. May, June. Rockery and border. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

### Sedum (Stonecrop)

A genus of plants which vary in habit from dwarf, creeping plants to those of larger growth, as Spectabile. Some are evergreen and others of deciduous growth. The dwarf kinds do well as edgings and are fine for rockwork. Excellent for hot, dry positions.

**Album.** White. June. Waxy. For shady and moist locations. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**Fosteriana.** Yellow. Green foliage. Red stems. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**Ibericum.** Pink. July, Aug. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**Kamtschaticum.** Yellow. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

Sexangulare. Yellow. May to July. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

Sieboldi. Pink. Oct. Trailing foliage. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Spectabile, Brilliant. 1½ ft. Red. Sept. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**Ternatum.** Especially good ground-cover for shady spots. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

#### Sempervivum Hen-and-Chickens

Most attractive hardy plants for rock-garden or rock-wall. Their rosette-like, thick leaves are fleshy and pointed. The small clumps slowly spread, filling rock crevices and pockets. The flowers are borne in small panicles on short fleshy stems, usually during June and July. Can be planted at any time.

Arachnoideum. July. Cobweb threads. Red. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**Arenarium.** Small. Green, brown in Aug. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

**Glaucum.** Blue-green, tipped brown. 25 cts. each; 5 @ 22 cts.

SAXIFRAGA cordifolia (Heartleaf). 16 in. June, July. Pink. Hardy foliage plant. 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts.

**SCABIOSA caucasica** (Blue Bonnet). 1½ to 2 ft. June to Sept. Lavender-blue flowers. 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts.

SPIRÆA filipendula (Meadowsweet). 15 in. June, July. White. Fern foliage. Shade and moist. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 30 cts.

STOKESIA cyanea (Cornflower Aster). 1½ ft. July, Aug. Light blue flowers in late summer. Good for cutting. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.



Long-spurred Aquilegias (Columbines) have been a Farr specialty for nearly three decades. You surely should have a garden display of these superior strains. See page 10



**THYMUS citriodorus** (Lemon Thyme). 4 in. June, July. Blue flowers. Lemonscented green leaves. Ground-cover. Seasoning foods and flavoring drinks. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Serpyllum coccineus. Brilliant crimsonscarlet flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Lanuginosus (Woolly-leaved Thyme). 4 in. June, July. Bright pink flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

TRADESCANTIA brevicaulis (Spiderwort). Dwarf. May to July. Rose-pink; fine for shade. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Virginiana alba (Spiderwort). 2 ft. White flowers all summer. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

## Veronica (Speedwell)

Beautiful hardy perennials that vary in height from a few inches to 3 feet and bear blue and shades of pink flowers in terminal spikes. Showy plants for borders or rockgardens and are easily grown.

Filiformis. 2 in. Late April and May. Small bright blue flowers. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

Longifolia subsessilis. 2 ft. July to Sept. Long, dense blue spikes. 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts.

Rupestris nana. 3 to 4 in. Junc. Thickly matted, deep green foliage, hidden in a cloud of bright blue flowers. Good for light shade and as a ground-cover for shrub borders. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

**Spicata erica.** 10 to 12 in. Delicate pink spikes. Compact and bushy. June, July. 30 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts.

VINCA minor (Periwinkle). 5 in. April, May. Bluc. Ground-cover. 3 for 60 cts.; 5 @ 15 cts.; 25 @ 12 cts.

YUCCA filamentosa (Adams Needle). 4 to 5 ft. Aug. Evergreen foliage. White, waxy flowers on tall spikes. Excellent for rock-garden. 40 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts.

TALL PHLOX

### For Summer Fragrance and Brilliance

Phlox are generally conceded to be among the "Best 10 Perennials," and there is no question about their being one of the very best summer-blooming perennials. Phlox cultural requirements are few but vitally essential for good results, and good Phlox results will lift any garden out of the general summer bleakness too often noticed. Specific cultural instructions are supplied with order acknowledgments.

PRICES: Field-grown plants for bloom this summer, all varieties, 35 cts. each; 3 of a kind for \$1; 5 or more of one kind @ 25 cts.; 25 or more of one kind @ 22 cts.

NOTE: Extra charge of 8 cts. per plant on handling while in bloom, because of special selection and ball of earth involved.

Height indicated by Tall, Medium, Low

Antoine Mercier. Delicate lilac-blue. Medium.

Baron von Dedem. Large; glistening scarlet-blood-red. Medium.

Border Queen. Clear, deep rose-pink. Low. Bridesmaid. White with rose-crimson eye. Medium.

C. V. Hochburg. Deep, velvety scarlet. Tall.

**Daily Sketch.** Salmon-pink, vivid crimson eye. Tall

Eclaireur. Carmine with light eye. Medium.E. I. Farrington. Soft salmon-pink, with lighter eye. Medium.

**Ethel Pritchard.** French-mauve to pale blue, Tall.

Europa. White with red eye. Medium.

F. A. Buchner. Pure white with mammoth florets. Medium.

**Feuerbrand.** Cerise and vermilion, flamed orange. Medium.

F. G. von Lassburg. Large white trusses. Tall.

**Graf Zeppelin.** White, with clear, deep red eye. Tall.

Jules Sandeau. Rosy pink. Long-lasting bloom-period. Low.

L. Schlageter. Brilliant scarlet, orange cast. Tall.

Miss Lingard. Early; everblooming. Crisp, neat white. Medium.

Mme. P. Dutrie. Large; soft pink. Low.
Mrs. Milly van Hoboken. Soft pink; large flowers and trusses. Tall.

Painted Lady. Delicate silver-pink, cherry-red eye. Tall.

Paladin. Salmon-pink, red eye. Medium.

Rheinlander. Large; salmon-pink, scarlet eye. Medium.

**Riverton Jewel.** Mauve-rose, carmine eye. Low.

R. P. Struthers. Lively carmine, claretred eye. Tall.

**Salmon Glow.** Flame-pink, shaded salmon. Medium.

**Thor.** Deep salmon-pink, red eye. Medium. **Widar.** Reddish violet, white eye. Medium.

"SELECTED" PHLOX COLLEC-

TION. Any 10 plants from above list, your selection, when dormant, for \$3, plus Parcel Post at cost, after plants arrive, or Parcel Post prepaid if eash with order. See note under prices.

## TOP-QUALITY ROSES for 1940

### FARR QUALITY ROSES

Farr Roses are two-year-old, fieldgrown plants of the specimen grade illustrated to right. Every Farr Rose plant is guaranteed to bloom this year, except climbing varieties. See the Farr Free Replacement Guarantee, page 19.

#### Where to Plant

Roses are best located in beds or gardens by themselves. If you have a choice, locate the Rose-bed where sunlight will not flood it until midday. Avoid low, poorly drained soil. The best soil is a rich elay loam, but Roses do well in almost any ground if it is fertilized, drained, and cultivated.

#### How to Plant

Complete culture and planting instructions are supplied with order acknowledg-

We recommend Tri-ogen as the complete Rose spray. See page 19 for prices

#### When to Plant

Dormant Roses must be ordered early. They must be shipped before the leaves appear, during early April. Our Cloverset Potted Roses ean be transplanted safely at any time but eannot be supplied beyond our truck delivery radius.

#### WHITE VARIETIES

Caledonia. Long buds; very double; long-

Iasting.

K. A. Viktoria. Buds creamy to snowy white; flowers of perfect form.

Killarney. Well formed; open perfectly.

McGredy's Ivory. Perfectly shaped; ivory-

Pedralbes. Glistening white with cushion of yellow stamens; long, pointed yellow bud. \$1.

#### PINK VARIETIES

Betty Uprichard. Salmon-pink, reverse coppery earmine.

COUNTESS VANDAL. Pat. 38. Coppery pink and gold; long buds. \$1.

Dame Edith Helen. Shapely clear pink;

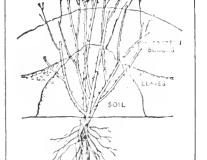
Edith Nellie Perkins. Two-toned pink; long-pointed orange-pink bud.

ETERNAL YOUTH. Pat. 332. Cfear pink throughout; long-pointed, soft pink, yellow-based buds. \$1.50.

Margaret McGredy. Carmine-rose.

Miss Rowena Thom. Brilliant rose-pink,

suffused gold; huge pointed buds. Strong growth.



This sketch shows the proper planting depth and winter protection.

#### Prices

Bare-Root Dormant Plants

Patented varieties are indicated by CAPITAL letters and are priced net

Other varieties are 65c each with quantity rates as follows

ANY 5 OR MORE UNPATENTED ROSES @ 55c EACH

ANY 25 OR MORE UNPATENTED ROSES @ 50c EACH

No. 1, top grade, 2-yr. field grown

#### PINK VARIETIES, continued

MME. COCHET-COCHET. Pat. 129. Cop-

pery pink, tinted coral. \$1.

Radiance. The most popular pink Rose.

Large carmine-pink blooms. Succeeds everywhere.

R. M. S. QUEEN MARY. Pat. 249. Glowing salmon, blended exquisite pink, orange base. \$1.50.

WARRAWEE. Pat. 140. Shell-pink; longpointed, salmon-pink buds; clove fragrance. Exceedingly free blooming. \$1.

#### YELLOW VARIETIES

ANGELS MATEU. Pat. 174. Orange-rose.

Duquesa de Penaranda. Coppery apricotorange.

ECLIPSE. Pat. 172. Rich golden yellow; long buds. \$1.25.

FEU PERNET-DUCHER. Pat. 103. Rich

yellow. \$1. **Golden Dawn.** Finely formed; lemon-yel-

Joanna Hill. Very double; yellow and buff. Mme. Joseph Perraud. Nasturtium-buff. Mrs. E. P. Thom. Full double; Iemonvellow.

Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont. Unfading golden yellow; buds reddish yellow.

Ville de Paris. Buttercup-yellow. Long

#### **RED VARIETIES**

Ami Quinard. Darkest crimson-maroon. Christopher Stone. Sparkling scarletcrimson. \$1.

**CRIMSON GLORY.** Pat. 105. Velvety crimson; long buds. \$1.25.

DICKSONS RED. Plant pat, applied for. Unfading rich s arlet-red. \$1.50.

Etoile de Hollande. Large; velvety crimson.

MARY HART. Pat. 8. Velvety blood-red sport of Talisman. Well-shaped maroon buds. \$1.

McGredy's Scarlet. Scarlet; towards pink in summer. Red Radiance. Light crimson; large; double. Vigorous grower; blooms all season.

Rouge Mallerin. Glowing velvety scarlet.

#### BLENDED VARIETIES

Autumn. Yellow, suffused red; brownish red and orange tones in bud.

Condesa de Sastago. Pink and yellow.

Feu Joseph Looymans. Vivid yellow.

**GLOAMING.** Pat. 137. Fawn-orange to salmon-pink. \$1. Heinrich Wendland. Nasturtium-red, reverse yellow. Mrs. Sam McGredy. Scarlet-orange and copper. Bronzy foliage.

President Herbert Hoover. Beautiful combination of pink, flame, and gold; large flowers.

President Plumecocq. Coppery buff and salmon.

**SIGNORA.** Pat. 201. Long buds of burnt sienna open to mandarin. \$1.25.

Talisman. Yellow, copper, orange, and rose-pink.



#### POTTED ROSES—Plus 15c

(For local call or delivery only)

After April 10, Roses are usually sprouted and can no longer be handled safely with bare roots. Orders are then supplied with Cloverset Potted Plants for 15 cts. per plant additional. Cloverset Pots contain a peck of specially prepared soil or 2½ times as much soil and room as the clay rose-pot. The pots are made of roofing paper and are removed by tearing or cutting after setting the plants in their place. Roots are not cramped and will therefore spread naturally and assure permanent success.

#### CLIMBING ROSES

BLAZE (Everblooming Paul's Scarlet). Pat. 10. Brilliant double red. \$1.

FLASH. Plant pat. applied for. Yellow buds, opening luminous orange-scarlet. Blooms for weeks, beginning early June. \$1.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin (Spanish **Beauty**). Crimson buds; soft pink flowers. 85 cts.

MRS. A. C. JAMES (Golden Climber). Pat. 28. The Hybrid Tea-flowering yellow Climber. Fragrant flowers in June. \$1.

NEW DAWN. Pat. 1. Everblooming Dr. W. Van Fleet. Hardy. Everblooming. Double; pale pink. \$1.50.

#### FLORIBUNDA ROSES

Floribunda Roses, as featured at New York World's Fair, combine extreme hardiness and freedom from disease with continuous and prolifie bloom. Clusters include up to 50 blooms on one head.

BETTY PRIOR. Pat. 340. Large, semi-double flowers in clusters; carmine buds opening to pink. \$1.

**DONALD PRIOR.** Pat. applied for. Large, semi-double flowers in clusters; bright searlet, flushed crimson. \$1.

Else Poulsen. Bright rose-pink.

PERMANENT WAVE. Pat. 107. Great clusters of rosy pink with waved or fluted petals from bud to finish; semi-double. 75 ets.

WORLD'S FAIR. Pat. 362. Massed elusters of velvety, blackish scarlet; semi-double. \$1.

#### OTHER ROSES

Gloria Mundi. Poly. Orange-scarlet.

Hugonis (Father Hugo's Rose). In early May each arching branch becomes almost overnight a beautiful rope of single, elear yellow flowers. Fern-like foliage with red canes and thorns.



ETOILE DE HOLLANDE



MRS. PIERRE S. DU PONT



MARGARET McGREDY



CONDESA DE SASTAGO

# THESE TWELVE ROSES, \$6.50 BETTY PRIOR IS NOT INCLUDED IN COLLECTION

Farr's Rose Collection represents "Rose Blooms at 15 ets. per dozen." Plants are guaranteed to bloom for you this summer.

The quality is highest grade. Every plant should produce at least 40 flowers this year, a total of 480 if not 600 Roses to cut for 1940.





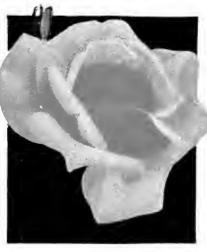
TALISMAN



BETTY PRIOR. (Pat. 340.) \$1 each; \$10 per doz. BETTY PRIOR is NOT included in collection



MRS. E. P. THOM



MISS ROWENA THOM



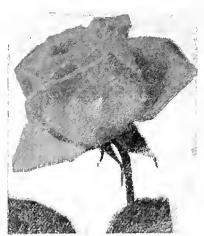
CALEDONIA



PRES. HERBERT HOOVER



RADIANCE



RED RADIANCE



## Sentiment HYBRID LILACS Fragrance

## Why Plant Hybrid Lilacs?

Common and old-fashioned Lilacs usually do not bloom for many years after transplanting, and until they attain mature age and large size. French Hybrids bloom when 18 inches tall, or immediately after they recover from the shock of transplanting. They also bloom more freely and more abundantly than the older sorts, and are every bit as hardy and vigorous. By comparison, they bear myriads of giant trusses, and include a wide range of colors. They require less attention than roses, evergreens, or fruit trecs.

#### When to Plant

Lilacs sprout unusually early in spring. Therefore, the spring shipping season is short, and orders should be placed early for shipment between March 1 and April 15. The fall season begins after frosts cause dormancy, during October, and continues until the ground freezes permanently in December.

#### Where to Plant

Plant in a sunny and drained location, not in full shade or soggy places. All Hybrid Lilaes are equally hardy as far north as Alaska, and different varieties require identical culture. They prefer cold winters.

Conventional and tasteful use and locations for Lilacs include hedges, borders, beds, along foundations, and as specimens. A Lilac hedge not only serves the double purpose of bloom and screen but frequently costs no more than a privet or barberry hedge, since it requires many less plants.

#### Which to Plant

Because we have disearded more than 100 lesser varieties of Lilacs, you can order from our remaining list, according to your price and color preference, with the assurance that every variety here offered is a "master" Lilac. All varieties are equally hardy. Type, color, bloom-season, and rate of growth, as indicated, are the basis for selection.

#### How to Plant

Planting instructions are supplied with order acknowledgments.

## SINGLE LILACS—OWN ROOTS

NOTE: The Farr Collection includes more than 200 varieties of Lilacs. We have discontinued propagating more than 100 of the lesser sorts.

#### KEY TO DESCRIPTIONS

E. indicates Early bloom; EM., Early Midseason; M., Midseason; LM., Late Midseason; L., Late.

S. indicates Slow growth; A., Average growth, and V., Vigorous growth.

Capitaine Baltet. M., A. A newer sort; mammoth trussed; violet-red. 3-4', \$4. Comte de Montebella. L., A. Even-toned; light and clear sky-

blue. Trusses resemble hyacinths in structure. 6-12", \$1. Congo. EM., A. Bright and intense wallflower-red. Smaller and more numerous florets than most red singles. Large, lacy trusses. 2-3', \$2.50; 3-4', \$3.25.

trusses. 2-3', \$2.50; 3-4', \$3.25.
Decaisne. (Decorative.) Lm., s. Clear light blue. Gracefully loose, pyramidal, mammoth trusses. 18-24", \$3.
De Mirabel. L., s. Distinct and unusual dark blue-violet. 18-24", \$3; 2-3', \$4.
Edmund Bossier. L., s. Large, deeply cupped, dark red florets. Latest single red. 3-4', \$3.
Josikæa. A light pink species, blooming very freely and fragrantly several weeks after other Lilags. 3-4', \$2.50.

grantly several weeks after other Lilacs. 3-4', \$2.50.

Monge. E., A. This variety and Congo are the most preferred of generally known single reds. Later, lighter, and longer trusses than Congo. Florets deeply cupped. 2-3', \$3.

Mont Blanc. M., A. Giant pure white. Broad, flat trusses with

large, round florets. 3-4', \$3.50.

Persica alba. Foliage and growth habit similar to Persica rubra. Blooms white. 3-4′, \$2.50.

Persica rubra (Persian Lilac). M., v. Free, loose-trussed, pink species. 2-3', \$1.50.

Reaumur. M., s. Slow growing but large and prolific flowering. Dark satiny carmine. 3-4', \$4.

Souv. de Ludwig Spaeth. L., A. Best-known dark red. 2-3', \$2; 3-4', \$2.75

Vestale. E., A. Stately, hyacinth-trussed white. 3-4', \$3.50.

## "LILACS TO CANADA"

During 1936 we supplied a collection of 385 Lilacs in 77 varicties to Queen Victoria Park, Niagara Falls, Canada.

This was an outright purchase, based upon the merit and reputation of Farr Lilacs, not a case of low bidding.

This collection will be one of the major Lilac displays in North America, and we feel greatly privileged to have supplied it.

FOR LILAC QUANTITY DISCOUNTS, SEE PAGE 18



Farr Lilacs in the garden of George Staplin, Jr., Mannsville, N. Y. Mr. Staplin's testimonial follows: "I was given your address by the Assistant Superintendent of Parks at Rochester and have since been buying of your firm until I have 119 varieties of Lilacs, mostly from your nursery, and am more than well pleased with them and your dealing with us."

## DOUBLE LILACS—OWN ROOTS

**Adelaide Dunbar.** LM., A. Compact, irregular, slender, darkest crimson trusses, fading to light red. 2-3', \$3; 3-4', \$3.75.

**Alphonse Lavalle.** M., A. Long, broad, shapely, blue-violet trusses; buds blue-purple. Long stems. 2–3′, \$2; 3–4′, \$2.75.

Belle de Nancy. Em., v. Brilliant satiny rose with white center; loose and billowy. Free blooming; extra fragrant. 3-4', \$2.75.

Charles Joly. M., A. Old favorite bright crimson. Slender, compact trusses. 2-3', \$2; 3-4', \$2.75.

**Charles Sargent.** M., A. Compact, heavy trusses, heavily spurred and incurved; violet-blue. 2-3', \$3.

**De Saussure.** M., A. Cockled, compact, slender, dark purplered. ·18-24", \$2; 2-3', \$2.75.

Edith Cavell. LM., A. Cream and sulphur buds opening pure white; extra fragrant. Small only, \$1.

Georges Bellair. M., A. Vinous wallflower-red; buds dark purple. Distinct from any other red Lilac. Broad, heavy trusses. 2-3', \$2.50; 3-4', \$3.25.

**Hippolyte Maringer.** E., s. Purple buds opening and fading to large, fluffy, blue panicles, with florets centered white. 3-4', \$3.

Jeanne d'Arc. M., A. Slender, cockled, yellowish buds. Florets stamenless and therefore open pure white. 2-3', \$2.50; 3-4', \$3.

Jules Ferry. M., A. Large, plump, symmetrical silvery blue trusses with rose-carmine buds, fading to pink. 3-4′, \$3; 4-5′, \$4.

**Leon Gambetta.** M., A. Best double light pink Lilac. Individual florets like small roses, nearly an inch in diameter, forming broad, heavy trusses one foot long. 3-4', \$5; 4-5', \$6.

**Leon Simon.** M., A. Giant and free. Colors range from violet to blue to pink. Symmetrical pointed trusses. 3-4', \$3.

Marc Micheli. LM. Remindful of President Poincare, but bluish pink, with white on reverse of petals. Unusually solid trusses. 2-3', \$3.50.

Marechal Lannes. L., A. Best violet-blue; extra-large trusses. Individual florets are the largest of all Lilacs and almost the size of a 25-cent coin. 2-3′, \$3.50; 3-4′, \$4.50.

Michel Buchner. M., v. Blue, intermixed rich carmine-rose, fading pink. Grows upright. 2-3′, \$2.50; 3-4′, \$3.25.

Miss Ellen Willmott. LM., A. Billowy trusses 1 foot long; individual florets 1 inch in diameter. Cream buds; the best white. 3-4', \$5.

Mme. Casimir-Perier. M., A. Free; white, yellow stamens. Almost as large as Miss Ellen Willmott and very profuse in bloom. Very fragrant. 2-3', \$2.50; 3-4', \$3.25.

**Paul Thirion.** M., A. Claret-rose; buds bright red. Long stems. Flowers resemble large double violets. 3-4′, \$3.75.

**President Fallieres.** M., A. Identical to Leon Gambetta in size, type, etc., and a shade darker. 3-4', \$5.

President Grevy. LM., A. Compact; long-stemmed; soft blue. An old variety but still one of the best. 3-4', \$3.

President Loubet. EM., A. Extra dark red. 3-4', \$3.

**President Poincare.** M., A. A changing blend of blue, red, and purple, as the buds open and the florets mature. Trusses are compact to the extent of being the heaviest of any variety, if not the largest. 3-4′, \$4; 4-5′, \$5.

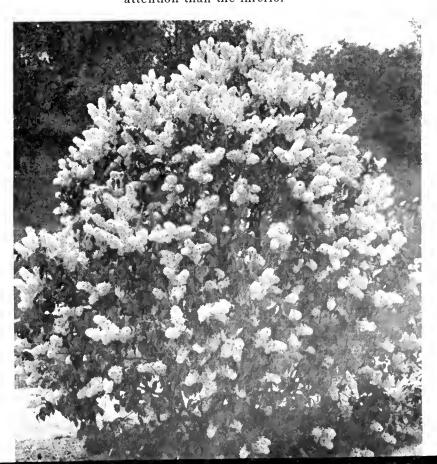
**President Viger.** LM., A. Long narrow trusses; ashy blue. 3-4', \$3: 4-5', \$4.

**Thunberg.** M., A. Like President Poincare in that it includes so many shades of color--pink, white, red, and blue as blooms develop. Large, loose trusses. 3-4', \$3; 4-5', \$4.

**Waldeck Rousseau.** L., A. Tender pink with white center tipped red. Large, loose trusses. Best late Lilac. 2-3', \$3.

William Robinson. LM., v. Compact; bright pink, fading blue. 3-4′, \$3; 4-5′, \$3.75.

A Iilac wants to grow and bloom for generations to come. The best varieties require no more room or attention than the inferior





A view of the Lilac Collection, purchased from Farr, for the Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva, N. Y. Shipment of the order, including 86 plants in 62 varieties, brought us the following unsolicited letter:

"The Lilacs arrived in fine shape and are all resting in their proper places. Please accept our thanks for the promptness in filling this order, and also for the fine plants. They are excellent specimens, with exceptionally fine roots."

## LILACS IN SMALL SIZES

Improved propagating methods enable us, for the first time in 30 years, to offer small plants of Lilacs at lower prices. If you do not mind waiting, or if you enjoy raising plants, the following list will be of exceptional interest.

The plants are from one and a half to two years old and from 6 to 12 inehes in height above present ground-level. They should be planted deeply, with tips barely showing, as we do when planting into nursery row, so as to enforce bushy growth. Being hybrids, they should bloom after one or two favorable growing seasons.

Priecs are based on thoroughbred value and the supply available, not upon size of the plants. The plants are guaranteed to be (1) own root, (2) true to name, (3) alive within six months after you receive them, (4) satisfactory upon receipt or returnable at our expense.

#### MINIMUM ORDER, \$3.

Orders from this list must amount to at least \$3 Otherwise, add 25 per cent to the prices indicated

#### Small 6- to 12-inch Plants—Own Roots

Bleuatre. Single; powder-blue	. \$1	00
Capitaine Baltet. Described on page 16	. 1	00
Congo. Described on page 16	. 1	00
<b>Decaisne.</b> Described on page 16	. 1	00
<b>Emil Gentil.</b> Described on this page	. 1	00
Georges Bellair. Described on page 17		75
Jean Mace. Described on this page.		75
Jules Simon. Described on this page	. 1	00
<b>Leon Gambetta.</b> Described on page 17	. 1	00
Mme. Casimir-Perier. Described on page 17		75
Mont Blanc. Described on page 16	. 1	00
<b>Paul Thirion.</b> Described on page 17		75
<b>President Fallieres.</b> Described on page 17	. 1	00
<b>President Lincoln.</b> Described on this page.	. 1	00
<b>President Poincare.</b> Described on page 17	. 1	00
<b>Reaumur.</b> Described on page 16	. 1	00
Rene Jarry-Desloges. Described on this page	. 1	00
<b>Thunberg.</b> Described on page 17	. 1	00
<b>Vestale.</b> Described on page 16	. 1	00
William Robinson. Described on page 17	. ^	75
1 .0 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	•	

### WEISER PARK LILAC COLLECTION

Any 3 or more of these, less 20 per cent discount All plants are 3 to 4 ft., bushy specimens

Alphonse Lavalle \$2 75		50
Belle de Nancy 2 75	President Poincare 4	00
<b>Charles Joly</b>	<b>Thunberg</b> 3	00
Georges Bellair 3 25	William Robinson 3	00
Hippolyte Maringer 3 00		00

#### WHY FARR LILACS ARE SUPERIOR LILACS

Farr Lilacs, except "small sizes," bear at least double the standard number of stems and branches per foot height. They are own-rooted, extra well branched, and bushy specimens because—

- (1) We plant the young plants very deeply in nursery row, so as to obtain extra stems and sprouts.
- (2) We space them for two-way cultivation instead of crowding them into a solid nursery row. Plants do not "thin" each other and are fully developed.

#### Reintroduced Lilacs

Here is a list of Lilaes which have been sold out during past years and which were therefore not listed in our recent Catalogs.

A limited supply of these varieties is available for 1940 shipment. Orders will be booked and reserved in the sequence received.

**Carmen.** EM., A. Double; bluish pink; long stems and long elusters; plump blue-purple buds. 2–3′, \$2.50.

**Emil Gentil.** E., A. Double; a rare shade of cobalt-blue; imbricated and large panicles. 3-4', \$3.

**Goliath.** E., A. Single; bright, ashy blue; large cupped blooms and trusses. 2-3′, \$2.50.

Jacques Calot. M., A. Single; lilac-rose; buds dark red. 2-3',

Jean Mace. LM., A. Double; giant; plump; billowy blue; floret incurved and spurred; buds blue-purple. 3-4', \$3.

Jules Simon. L., A. Double; lilac-mauve, turning to azure-

lilac. 3-4', \$3. **Katherine Havemeyer.** LM., A. Pink buds, opening to enormous double cobalt-blue flowers of a distinct rounded shape.

2-3', \$2.50. **Mrs. Ed. Harding.** L. Enormous; double; red. 3-4', \$2.50.

President Lincoln. E., A. Our favorite dark clear blue. Large, pyramidal trusses; single. Early. 3-4', \$5.

Rene Jarry-Desloges. E., A. Double; azure-lilac-mauve, with rosc reflects—a shade of rare beauty; large panicles. 3-4', \$3.

Viviand Morel. M., A. Double; clear bluish lilac, white center. 3-4', \$3.

### Lilac Quantity Discounts

(Not applicable on Collections)

5 per cent on orders exceeding\$9	99
10 per cent on orders exceeding	99
15 per cent on orders exceeding	99

Lilac prices are f. o. b. Weiser Park Shipment by Express or Freight FLORENCE VAUGHAN. Bright golden yellow, spotted red, 4 ft.

ITALIA (Orchid Flowered). Bright orange scarlet, with broad yellow border, massive foliage, 6 ft.

KING HUMBERT. Very large perfectly formed flower, brilliant orange scarlet, broad massive foliage, of a rich coppery bronze. The finest bronze leaved variety, 6 ft. 20c. each, \$2.00 per doz., \$10.00 per hundred.

The best pink bedding variety. MLLE. BERAT. PRES. MEYER. A splendid variety, with enormous trusses of rich cherry carmine flowers, and beautiful bronzy foliage.

SOUVENIR DU ANTOINE CROZY. Intense crimson scarlet with a brilliant golden border, the brightest gilt-edged variety, very free,

DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH. A very dark crimson, fine blooms and large truss, very free.

Price, unless noted, 15c. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8.00 per 100.

One each of the 10 varieties, \$1.15. By mail, 10c. per doz. extra.

#### **TUBEROUS BEGONIAS**

In a semi-shaded place, in light, well-drained soil, nothing will give such a brilliant display of color as these, with their immense blooms, sometimes three to four inches in diameter, blooming continuously until frost. Sprout the tubers early in damp sand or moss in a warm place, and plant out as soon as danger from frost is passed. In the Winter store in boxes of dry sand or soil.

Single, all colors mixed, or in separate colors, white, pink, yellow, red, and orange. 10c. each, \$1.00 per doz., \$6.00 per 100.

Double, in separate colors, white, pink, yellow, red, and orange. 20c. each, \$2.00 per doz. Other Summer-flowering bulbs can be supplied if desired.

#### FARR'S SELECT LIST OF

### GLADIOLUS, CANNAS, Etc.

Suitable for Planting in the Hardy Border WYOMISSING, PENN'A

#### GLADIOLUS

These are the most popular of all summer flowering bulbs. They may be used with great effect in the hardy perennial border, planted among early blooming plants, to follow with a succession of bloom, in places where the border would otherwise be void of bloom. They are also effective among Peonies, Roses and Shrubbery. They may be planted two or three inches apart, and if plantings are made two weeks apart up till June, a succession of bloom may be had all Summer. In the Fall lift the bulbs, cut off the tops, and store on shelves or shallow boxes in a light, airy cellar.

#### GLADIOLUS IN MIXTURES

GROFF'S HYBRID SEEDLINGS. Mixed, all shades 30c. per doz., \$2.00 per hundred.

SILVER TROPHY STRAIN (Groff's "World's

Best.")
Sec. 1. Newest reds, scarlets and crimsons.

50c. per doz., \$3.00 per 100.

Sec. 2. Newest white, light and yellow shades. 65c. per doz., \$4.00 per 100.

Sec. 3. Rare blue and Heliotrope shades. 75c. per doz., \$5.00 per 100.

LEMOINE'S NEW BUTTERFLY HYBRIDS. Beautifully marked and spotted, with colors of dazzling richness. 30c. per doz., \$2.50 per 100.





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### BUSINESS REPLY ENVELOPE

First Class Permit No. 1, Sec. 510, P. L. & R. Weiser Park, Pa.

## FARR NURSERY COMPANY

WEISER PARK,

PA.

NANCEIANUS (New Giant). A new race of extraordinary size, with the beautiful markings of the Lemoine Hybrids. 40c. per doz., \$3.00 per 100.

## A SELECT LIST OF THE FINEST NAMED VARIETIES

- AMERICA: Beautiful soft flesh pink, one of the finest varieties ever sent out. 10c. each, \$1.00 per doz.
- ATTRACTION. Deep dark crimson with pure white center and throat. 10c. each, \$1.00 per doz.
- BARON HULOT (Blue Jay). Rich deep royal violet blue. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz.
- BRILLIANT. Beautiful orange red with carmine and white throat. 8c. each, 75c. per doz.
- Augusta. Clear white with blue anthers. 5c. each, 50c. per doz.
- CARDINAL. Intense cardinal scarlet, one of the finest high colored sorts. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz.
- CONTRAST. Intense scarlet with pure white center, strikingly beautiful. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- BLANCHE. The finest giant-flowered white, slightly marked pale rose, extra. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz.
- KLONDYKE. Clear sulphur yellow with a vivid crimson maroon blotch. 10c. each, \$1.00 per doz.
- Melrose. Very large, white-flaked pink, bright crimson center. 20c. each, \$2.00 per doz.
- MEPHISTOPHELES. Very large, dark red strained black and yellow. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz.
- MRS. FRANCIS KING. Beautiful light scarlet. 10c. each, \$1.00 per doz.

- PRINCEPS. Immense flower, rich crimson with broad white blotches across the lower petals. 20c. each, \$2.00 per doz.
- SULPHUR KING. A beautiful near clear yellow. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- SENATOR VOLLAND. Large flowers, pure blue, dark violet blotch. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz.
- VICTORY. Delicate sulphur yellow, one of the finest yellow varieties. 20c. each, \$2.00 per doz.
- WILD ROSE. Beautiful soft delicate rose, extra. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- WM. FALCONER. Very large, beautiful light pink. 8c. each, 75c. per doz.
- If wanted by mail, add 10c. per dozen for postage.

One each of the 18 varieties, \$2.50.

#### CANNAS

Ten of the best Cannas for bedding.

Cannas are perhaps the most effective of all bedding plants, and are also useful to fill in as single specimens, or groups, vacant places in the hardy border, or among young shrubbery that has not had time to cover the ground. For effective masses in beds, plant in rich, deeply-worked ground, in full sun, after all danger from frost is passed, 18 inches apart each way. In the Fall lift the clumps, allowing the soil to remain on, and pack the clumps closely in a dry cellar, dividing the roots in the Spring before replanting.

- ALPHONSE BOUVIER. Finest tall brilliant crimson, 6 ft.
- AUSTRIA (Giant, or Orchid flowered). Blooms 6 inches in diameter, pure clear soft yellow, 6 ft.
- CHAS. HENDERSON. Large compact truss, solid crimson, 3½ ft.

### LATE BLOOMING DAYLILIES

COLLECTION OFFER

AUGUST PIONEER AND BOUTONNIERE are the two best late pleoming daylilies. Buth are Dr. Stout hyrids.

Most daylilies bloom during July but BOUTONNIERE and AUGUST PIONEER so not begin to bloom until mid August.
BOUTONNIERE is a small flowered, many branched to e with rosy buff to peach flush. AUGUST PIONEER is medium size, chrome orange, flushed red. Catalog plice, \$3 each.

COLUECTION OFFER: The two for \$5. Farcel post paid if cash with order.



### ORDER SHEET

## BERTRAND H. FARR

# Wyomissing Nurseries Company WEISER PARK, PA.



	Date_			194
Ship to (Name)				
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Name .

Address .

## Ownership of Farr Nursery Company



C. M. BOARDMAN, Pres. (One-third owner)



J. M. STOUDT, V.-Pres. (One-third owner)



H. G. SEYLER, Treas. (One-third owner)

### REPLACEMENT GUARANTEE

Plants are guaranteed to be true-to-name, and to arrive in a live, healthy condition. We will replace any plants that fail to grow within six months after planting, if you think that we or the plants were at fault, provided the account is settled within regular 30-day terms and report of failure is made within the six-month period. The cost of planting or transportation of replacements is borne by the purchaser.

## Nothing We Can Say Counts for as Much as What Others Say

These letters were received during 1939. They are selected from more than 400 similar expressions.

They were not asked for; not paid for. They came to us only because the quality of our plants and service | your similar expressions of satisfaction.

provided the impulse to write us.

We will be more than pleased to have your orders during 1940 and to handle them so as to encourage

#### For 30 Years

**December 5, 1939.** That I have dealt with your firm for at least 30 years is proof of your high standing.—Mrs. S. A. Brown, Harbour Acres, Port Washington, L. I., N. Y.

#### More Than 20 Years

April 27, 1939. It was interesting to read, in your 1939 Catalog, of the many old-time friends who are still "satisfied" customers. I believe my first order was in 1918 and I belong on the list of satisfied customers for more than 20 years.—Mrs. Gross R. Scruggs, Dallas, Texas.

### "I Feel Like an Empress"

March 29, 1939. The six Tree Peonies I got from you last fall are in bloom now and they are perfectly beautiful—the loveliest things I have ever seen! No wonder the Emperor of China kept them as his exclusive property as long as he could! Just owning these six makes me feel like an Empress!—Mrs. J. B. Knight, Columbus, Ga.

#### "Your Attitude"

July 6, 1939. Your plants are remarkably fine and turn out as represented. Each is a valuable garden plant. Your attitude toward establishing pleasing and satisfying relationship between buyer and seller has been constantly evidenced in my dealings with you. I am getting every member of two elubs to buy hemerocallis.—Mrs. G. Schoenвеск, Peoria, III.

#### From the Bayou State

November 9, 1939. I have never received better plants, in better condition, and have so stated to my garden club members.—Mrs. Fayette C. Ewing, "Nosegay," Alexandria, La.

#### The Acid Test

September 2, 1939. Farr is copocetic when it comes to lilacs, peonies, and hemerocallis; I've given them the acid test.—Mrs. Fred Bahnson, Winston-Salem, N. C.

#### The Vicar's Garden

March 29, 1939. Let me say the Daylily roots which I have received from you have been excellent. This year I will have about 60 choice Hemerocallis blooming in my small city garden, which is my one luxury.

Every spring I give a lecture on preparing beds and caring for plants, to 75 people. I keep up the tradition of Old England in reference to the clergyman's garden.—Rev. ALFRED M. LONGMIRE, West Somerville,

#### Paradise on Earth

November 13, 1939. Most of the Lilacs 1 bought from you in 1932 are now 7 to 9 feet high. I feed them well and water them properly. They bloom beautifully.

When we returned from Florida last May

our garden was a paredise.

An artist from Detroit came out to see us and raved and raved. She brought out another artist next day who said "No one could have made me believe I would ever see such beauty—it is the nearest to heaven I ever expect to get." The point here is that most of the raving was about your Lilacs. I thought you'd like to know.—WM. S. HAZELTON, Pleasant Ridge, Mich.

#### Lilac Enjoyment

July 6, 1939. I have bought a good many things from you in many years gone by and in each purchase the goods have been more

than satisfactory.

Several years ago I purchased from you a collection of Lilacs, and I want to tell you how much satisfaction I derive from them. Each year they have given an abundance of bloom, but in the season just past they were more beautiful than ever. Many people admire them, but Leon Gambetta seems to carry off most of the honors. Best wishes for your continued success.—F. E. Green, Littleton, N. H.

April 1, 1939. Although there are many near-by nurseries from whom I could have ordered, I chose you because I know that I can absolutely depend on you to send good, well-grown material.—Mrs. Frederic Sigel, Westover House, McEwensville, Pa.

May 10, 1939. This transaction renews an acquaintance with your firm made by my father twenty-five years ago.—Mrs. A. T. CANTELON, Montgomery, Ala.

#### NURSERY LOCATION

on Pennsylvania State Highway 422, midon Pennsylvania State Highway 422, midway between Reading and Lebanon, adjacent to Womelsdorf. The Gardens may be reached from Lancaster by Route 501, from Pottsville by Routes 83 and 483. Telephone: Womelsdorf 43–R2. Telegraph to Womelsdorf.

#### SHIPPING METHODS

Farr plants are specially and freshly dug for each order, without recourse to coldstorage methods.

Orders should be placed during winter and early spring for shipment or delivery when the ground opens, or during summer and early fall for shipment as soon as plants become dormant.

PRICES ARE F.O.B. WEISER PARK. Purchaser pays transportation unless otherwise specified

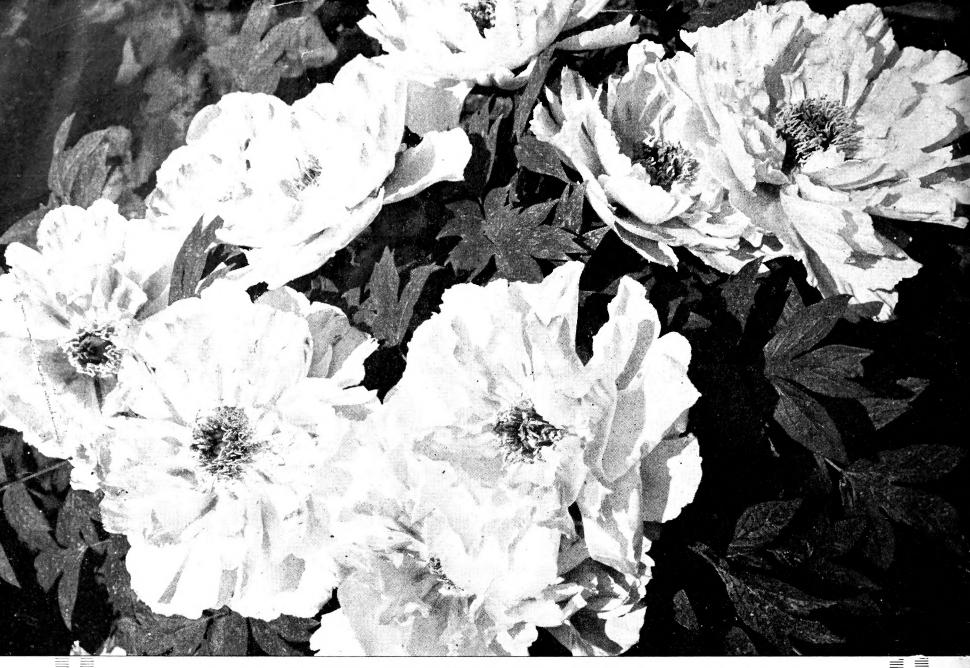
#### CHARGE ACCOUNTS

We are glad to extend 30-day terms to established accounts; also to open new accounts, via references, if order amounts to \$10 or more On first orders for less than \$10, please send cash with order.

TRI-OGEN. Complete protection against plant insects and diseases. Mildew and black-spot on roses easily controlled with this spray treatment.

A. Small kit (makes 16 qts.) . . . . . . . . . \$1 50 B. Medium kit (makes 64 qts.) ..... 4 00 C. Large kit (makes 32 gals.) . . . . . . 6 00

D. Estate kit (makes 128 gals.).....20 00



THIS POPULAR TREE PEONY—IRO-NO-SEKI—IS DESCRIBED ON PAGE 7

More than half of Farr Nursery Company's 128 acres at Weiser Park, Pa., is devoted to growing the best

SHADE TREES
FLOWERING TREES

EVERGREENS FLOWERING SHRUBS

These items are reserved for truck delivery radius and visiting trade. They are not listed in this Catalog. Write, phone, or visit for further information.



## FARR NURSERY COMPANY

WEISER PARK, PA.

Telephone: Womelsdorf 43-R2

Telegrams to Womelsdorf, Pa.